

Planning in MDPs

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CS 6789: Foundations of Reinforcement Learning

Recap: Infinite Horizon MDPs

$$\mathcal{M} = \{S, A, P, r, \gamma\}$$

$$P : S \times A \mapsto \Delta(S), \quad r : S \times A \rightarrow [0,1], \quad \gamma \in [0,1)$$

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Value function $V^\pi(s) = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \gamma^h r(s_h, a_h) \mid s_0 = s, a_h \sim \pi(s_h), s_{h+1} \sim P(\cdot \mid s_h, a_h) \right]$

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Q function $Q^\pi(s, a) = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \gamma^h r(s_h, a_h) \mid (s_0, a_0) = (s, a), a_h \sim \pi(s_h), s_{h+1} \sim P(\cdot \mid s_h, a_h) \right]$

Recap: Bellman Optimality

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Theorem 1: Bellman Optimality (Q-version)

$$Q^\star(s, a) = r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \left[\max_{a' \in A} Q^\star(s', a') \right]$$

Main Question for Today:

Given an MDP $\mathcal{M} = (S, A, P, r, \gamma)$, How to find π^* (stationary & deterministic)

Outline

1. Bellman optimality – property of V^*
2. Optimal planning: Value Iteration

Bellman Optimality

Theorem 2:

For any $V : S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, if $V(s) = \max_a \left[r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} V(s') \right]$ for all s ,
then $V(s) = V^\star(s), \forall s$

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$$|V(s) - V^\star(s)| = \left| \max_a (r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(s, a)} V(s')) - \max_a (r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(s, a)} V^\star(s')) \right|$$

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Bellman Optimality for Q^*

What about Q^* ?

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We should have:

For any $Q : S \times A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, if $Q(s, a) = r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$
for all s , then $Q(s, a) = Q^*(s, a), \forall s, a$

Outline

1. Bellman optimality – property of V^*
2. Optimal planning: Value Iteration

Define Bellman Operator \mathcal{T} :

Given a function $f: S \times A \mapsto \mathbb{R}$,

$\mathcal{T}f: S \times A \mapsto \mathbb{R}$,

$$(\mathcal{T}f)(s, a) := r(s, a) + \gamma \mathbb{E}_{s' \sim P(\cdot | s, a)} \max_{a' \in A} f(s', a'), \forall s, a \in S \times A$$

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Q: what is $\mathcal{T}Q^*$?

Value Iteration Algorithm:

1. Initialization: $Q^0 : \|Q^0\|_\infty \in (0, \frac{1}{1 - \gamma})$
2. Iterate until convergence: $Q^{t+1} = \mathcal{T}Q^t$

Intuition:

Via Bellman optimality theorem:

$$Q^{\star} = \mathcal{T}Q^{\star}$$

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$$x_0, x_{t+1} = \ell(x_t), t = 0, \dots,$$

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If $L < 1$ (i.e., contraction), then it converges exponentially fast

Convergence of Value Iteration:

Lemma [contraction]: Given any Q, Q' , we have:

$$\|\mathcal{T}Q - \mathcal{T}Q'\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|Q - Q'\|_\infty$$

Proof:

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Final Quality of the Policy:

$$\pi^t : \pi^t(s) = \arg \max_a Q^t(s, a)$$

$$\textbf{Theorem: } V^{\pi^t}(s) \geq V^\star(s) - \frac{2\gamma^t}{1-\gamma} \|Q^0 - Q^\star\|_\infty \forall s \in S$$

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Summary for today

Planning algorithm (no learning so far):

VI: fixed point iteration $Q^{t+1} = \mathcal{T}Q^t$

1. Bellman operator is a contraction map
2. $\|Q^t - Q^\star\|_\infty$ being small implies V^{π^t} & V^\star are close